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(54) **Vehicle wheel assembly.**

(57) A vehicle wheel and assembly (10) is adaptable for use with on-board central tire inflation system. The assembly provides a passage for the routing of air between the on-board system and the vehicle tire. The assembly comprises a stationary spindle (12) and a rotational hub (14) mounted thereon. The hub is supported for rotation by first and second axially spaced bearing sets (16, 18), each having an inner race (20, 26) and an outer race (22, 28) associated with the spindle and hub, respectively. The inner race of the inboard bearing set (18) is formed with an axial air passage (48) which communicates with an internal chamber (38) in the hub to form a portion of the air passage between the tire and on-board system. In another feature, rotary seals (60, 62) are seated in opposed faces of the bearing sets and include sealing lips (72) which have a sealed contact with the upper surface of the inner bearing races. An inboard spindle collar (100) may also be employed to facilitate the continuation of the air passage (98) in the bearing race (90) to the on-board system.

## VEHICLE WHEEL END ASSEMBLY

## Technical Field

This invention relates to central tire inflation systems, and, more particularly, to a wheel end assembly adapted for use with such a system.

## Background Art

The present invention presents an alternative design to the vehicle wheel end assembly disclosed in co-pending application Serial No. 712,420, filed March 18, 1985 and assigned to the assignee of the present invention.

In the co-pending application it was recognized that one of the important design considerations inherent in a central tire inflation system is the need for a reliable seal in the wheel assembly between rotating and non-rotating members. This design consideration is addressed by the present invention in a manner which requires minimal necessary modifications of the major components, i.e. spindle and hub, of the wheel end.

## Disclosure Of The Invention

The present invention provides a wheel end assembly for a central tire inflation system which features modification of the wheel bearings 5 to achieve a reliable sealed air passage between the rotational and non-rotational members of the assembly.

In broad terms the wheel end assembly of the present invention comprises a spindle or axle 10 housing which is non-rotational and attached to the vehicle chassis. A hub is mounted concentrically on the spindle for rotation thereon. The hub is formed with an internal chamber which represents a portion of the overall air passage 15 between the on-board inflation system and the respective pneumatic tire mounted on the wheel.

The hub is supported for rotation on the spindle by first and second axially spaced bearing sets. Each bearing set has a non-rotational inner 20 race associated with the spindle and a rotational outer race associated with the hub. The inner race of the inboard bearing set is formed with an axial air passage which communicates with the internal chamber in the hub to provide an inboard 25 continuation of the overall air passage.

In another feature of the invention, the rotary sealing between the rotational hub and the non-rotational spindle is accomplished by a pair of annular rotary seals mounted on the respective 30 inboard and outboard bearing sets. More specifically, each annular seal includes a flange

portion which seats in a notch formed in the face of the outer race. An integral lip extends radially inward and into sealing contact with the upper surface of the inner race. The seal flanges  
5 are secured in their notched seats by cooperation of the hub.

In an alternate embodiment of the invention, an inboard collar may be mounted on the spindle to facilitate coupling of the air passage  
10 formed in the inner race of the inboard bearing set with the on-board system.

Other features and advantages of the invention will become apparent in connection with the following detailed description.

#### 15                   Brief Description Of The Drawings

FIGURE 1 is a side sectional view of the relevant portion of a vehicle wheel end assembly in accordance with the present invention;

FIGURE 2 is an enlarged view of a  
20 portion of the wheel end assembly of FIGURE 1 illustrating the sealed air passage between the rotational and non-rotational members in greater detail.

FIGURE 3 is an end view of a sleeve  
25 mounted concentrically on the spindle to maintain spacing of the hub during installation and removal;

FIGURE 4 is a side elevation view of the sleeve taken along line 4-4 of FIGURE 3; and

FIGURE 5 is an enlarged sectional view of an alternative embodiment of the wheel end assembly featuring an inboard collar which mounts on the spindle and interconnects the air passage 5 in the inner bearing race to air lines which extend to the on-board system.

#### Best Mode For Carrying Out The Invention

FIGURE 1 illustrates the portion of a vehicle wheel end assembly 10 relevant to an understanding of the present invention. The assembly 10 is suited for use with an on-board automated system for controlling tire pressurization. A wheel end assembly of similar function is disclosed in co-pending application Serial No. 15 712,420, filed March 18, 1985 and assigned to the assignee of the present invention.

The wheel end assembly 10 includes a spindle or axle housing 12 which is mounted in fixed relation to the vehicle chassis. A hub 14 20 is mounted for rotation on the spindle 12. The hub 14 is driven in a conventional manner by an axle shaft and drive flange (not shown but understood in the art).

The hub 14 is supported for rotation on 25 the spindle 12 by an outboard bearing set 16 and an inboard bearing set 18. The bearing set 16 includes an inner race 20 mounted on the spindle 12. An outer race 22 is mounted on the hub 14 and is co-rotational with the hub. A representative

tapered roller bearing 24 is disposed between the inner race 20 and the outer race 22.

The bearing set 18 similarly includes an inner race 26 associated with the spindle 12 and an outer race 28 which is co-rotational with the hub 14. A representative tapered roller bearing is shown at 30.

The inner races 20 and 26 each have formed in them grooves to receive respective O-rings 31 and 33 to provide a fluid seal between the underside of the race and the spindle 12.

The hub 14 is formed with an internal air chamber which represents a portion of an overall air path between the on-board automated system and the respective tire carried by the vehicle wheel end assembly. A sleeve 38 is disposed in a major portion of the volume between the hub cavity 36 and the outer surface of the spindle 12. The function of the sleeve 38 is to minimize abrasion of the components adjacent the spindle 12 against the out-board spindle threads 15 when the hub 14 is fitted onto or removed from the spindle. The sleeve 38 has a noninterfering relation to the passage of air within the volume it occupies.

With reference to FIGURES 3 and 4, the sleeve 38 is shown in greater detail. It can be seen that the sleeve has a substantially cylindrical shape with radial surface undulations 40. The opposite ends of the sleeve 38 are formed with scallops 41 to permit radial flow of air with minimal obstruction.

P-304

- 6 -

Again with reference to FIGURE 1, the environment of the bearing set 18 is sealed from foreign material by a dirt slinger 32 which includes a pair of fingers which bear against a ring 34 mounted concentrically on the inner race 26.

A feature of the present invention is the manner in which pressurized air is routed between the tire carried by the wheel end assembly 10 and the on-board system. In traversing this route in an outboard to inboard order, the air passage begins with an aperture 43 formed in an integral radial segment of the hub 14. The aperture 43 may be fitted with a hollow stud 42 or the like to facilitate connection to a conventional air line (not shown) outboard of the assembly 10.

A tube 47 is connected between the hollow stud 42 and a fitting 44. The fitting 44 has a threaded engagement with a tapped hole 45 formed in the hub 14.

The air path is continuous through the internal chamber 36 in the hub 14 to a passage 46 formed in the inner race 26 of the inboard bearing set 18. The air passage 46 is ported generally inboard of the hub 14 and connected to an adapter 48. The adapter 48 is in turn connected to one end of a tube 54 through a conventional fitting 50. The other end of the tube 54 is connected to one side of an elbow 56. The other side of the elbow is connected to a fitting 58 mounted on a chassis member 64. From this point the air can be

P-304

- 7 -

routed to the on-board system in a conventional manner.

The air passage just described is sealed in the environment of the hub chamber 36 by a pair of rotary seals indicated generally at 60 and 62. The seal 60 is mounted in fixed relation to the outer bearing race 22 in cooperation with the hub 14 and has a sealed contact with an extension 66 of the inner race 20.

Similarly, the rotary seal 62 is mounted in fixed relation to the outer race 28 bearing sets 18 with the cooperation of the hub 14, and has a sealed contact with an extension 68 of the inner race 26.

FIGURE 2 illustrates in greater detail the localized area of the inboard bearing set 18.

The inner, non-rotational race 26 is shown mounted on the spindle 12 and sealed there against by the O-ring 33.

The rotary seal assembly 62 comprises several constituents described as follows. A generally radially extending flange portion 70 is mated with a reinforcing segment 74 and mounted in a notch 64 formed in the internal face of the outer race 28. The flange 70 and reinforcing member 74 are held in fixed position relative to the outer race 28 with the cooperation of a dependent shoulder 76 of the hub 14.

The radial flange 62 is connected to a lip segment 72 formed of low friction material which contacts the extension 68 of the inner race 26. A garter spring 78 provides a radial inward



P-304

- 8 -

force to hold the lip 72 into sealed contact with the extension 68 of the inner race 26. The air passage 46 through the inner race 26 thereby communicates with the hub chamber 36 and is sealed 5 at the inboard end by the action of the rotary seal assembly 62.

The air passage 46 is ported at its inboard end through a threaded fitting 80 which couples to the adapter 48. As previously described in reference to FIGURE 1, the adapter receives a fitting 50 which is in turn connected to a tube 54.

FIGURE 5 is an alternative embodiment of a vehicle wheel end assembly, indicated generally at 10', of the present invention. In description of FIGURE 5, like reference numerals will be used for members common to the embodiments of FIGURES 1 and 5.

The vehicle wheel end assembly 10' similarly includes a spindle 12 and a hub 14 mounted for rotation on the spindle. The hub 14 is supported for rotation at the inboard end by a bearing set which includes an inner race 90 associated with the spindle, and an outer race 94 25 which is co-rotational with the hub 14. A roller bearing 92 is disposed between the inner race 90 and the outer race 94.

An annular dust seal 96 having a channel-shaped cross section is press fit into the radial 30 gap between the inner race 90 and the outer race 94 rearward of the roller bearing 92.

P-304

- 9 -

The inner race 90 is formed with an axially extending air passage 98 to communicate the chamber 36 between the spindle 12 and the hub 14 with a collar, indicated generally at 100. The collar 100 is positioned inboard of the bearing set and mounted concentrically on the spindle.

The collar 100 includes an annular body 102 and an integral flange 104 which extends radially inward from the body.

10 The annular body 102 is seated on a step 106 on the spindle 12. An annular groove 103 is formed in the inner radial surface of the body 102 and seats an O-ring 105 to seal the collar 100 against the spindle 12.

15 The inward radial flange 104 includes a lip 110 which cooperates with a notch 111 formed in the inboard axial face of the race 90 to seat and seal another O-ring 112.

The collar 100 communicates with the axial extending passage 98 in the inner race 90 through a radial bore 108. The outer opening of the bore 108 is closed by a plug 115. An axial bore 114 continues the air path with the radial bore 108. The inboard end of the axial bore 114 is closed by a plug 116. A second radial bore 118 continues the air path to an air line which extends to the on-board system. The second radial bore 118 is threaded to receive the fitting 50. As previously described in connection with FIGURE 2, the fitting 50 connects through tube 54, elbow 56 and fitting 58 to continue the air path toward the on-board automated system.

Although the invention has been shown and described in specific embodiments it is to be understood that modifications to the disclosed designs may be made without departing from the  
5 scope of the following claims.

CLAIMS

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. A vehicle wheel end assembly adapted for use with  
5 an automated system for controlling tyre pressurization characterised in that the assembly comprises:

a spindle mounted in fixed relation to the vehicle;

a hub mounted for rotation on the spindle and having  
an internal chamber adapted to form at least a portion of  
10 an air path between the automated system and the respective tyre;

bearing means disposed in operative position between the spindle and the hub; and

rotary seal means for communicating the internal  
15 chamber in the rotational hub to an adjacent inboard portion of the air path in a non-rotational member, said rotary seal means being positioned in fixed relation to said bearing means.

2. An assembly according to claim 1 characterised in  
20 that the bearing means comprises first and second axially spaced bearing sets, each having an inner race and an outer race, and at least one of said races is configured to locate and seat the rotary seal means.

3. An assembly according to claim 2 wherein the  
25 outer race is shaped with the locating notch and the communication of the internal hub chamber is with an air passage formed in the inner race of the inboard bearing set.

4. An assembly according to claim 3 characterised in  
30 that the air passage extends generally axially through the inner race.

5. An assembly according to claim 3 or claim 4 characterised in that each outer race has a generally radially extending face directed toward the hub chamber and  
35 the locating notch is shaped in said radial face.

6. An assembly according to any one of the preceding claims characterised in that the rotary seal means includes first and second sealing rings, each ring having a flange portion, and further characterised in that the race is  
5 shaped with a locating notch to locate and seat a respective flange portion of said sealing ring.

7. An assembly according to claim 6 characterised in that each of the inner races of the bearing sets has an axial extension directed toward the hub chamber, and each  
10 of the sealing rings has a lip contacting the respective axial extension in sealed relation thereto.

8. An assembly according to claim 7 characterised in that the lip is secured in sealed relation to the axial extension by biasing means.

15 9. An assembly according to claim 8 characterised in that the biasing means comprises a garter spring.

10. An assembly according to any one of the preceding claims characterised in that the hub is cooperative to secure the rotary seal means in fixed relation to said  
20 bearing means.

11. A vehicle wheel end assembly adapted for use with an automated system for controlling tyre pressurization characterised in that the assembly comprises a spindle;  
a hub mounted for rotation on the spindle and having  
25 an internal chamber adapted to form part of an air path between the automated system and the respective tyre; and bearing means disposed in operative position between the spindle and the hub, said bearing means having an internal air passage opening at one end to the hub chamber  
30 and opening at the other end generally inboard of the hub in continuation of the air path to the automated system.

12. An assembly according to claim 11 characterised in that the bearing means includes a bearing set disposed generally inboard of the hub chamber and having a non-  
35 rotational member with the internal air passage formed

therein.

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13. An assembly according to claim 12 characterised  
in that the bearing set includes a rotational outer race  
associated with the hub and a non-rotational inner race  
5 associated with the spindle, and having the internal air  
passage formed within the inner race.

14. An assembly according to any one of claims 11 to 13  
characterised in that a rotary seal means is associated  
with the hub and the spindle for providing sealed fluid  
10 communication of the internal hub chamber with the internal  
air passage of the bearing means.

15. As assembly according to claim 14 characterised  
in that the rotary seal means are mounted in fixed relation  
to the bearing means.

15 16. An assembly according to claim 15 characterised  
in that the hub is cooperative to secure the rotary seal  
means in fixed relation to the bearing means.

17. A vehicle wheel end assembly adapted for use with  
an automated system for controlling tyre pressurization  
20 characterised in that the assembly comprises:

a spindle mounted in fixed relation to the vehicle;

a hub mounted for rotation on the spindle and having  
an internal chamber adapted to form part of an air path  
between the automated system and the respective tyre;

25 bearing means disposed in operative position between  
the spindle and the hub, said bearing means having an  
internal air passage opening at one end to the hub chamber  
and at the other end generally inboard of the hub; and

a collar mounted concentrically on the spindle and  
30 having an internal air passage extending between a first  
port, which communicates with the other end opening of the  
bearing passage, and a second port, which communicates with  
the automated system.

18. An assembly according to claim 17 characterised  
35 in that the collar comprises an annular body having an

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inward radial flange.

19. An assembly according to claim 18 wherein the radial flange is integral with the annular body.

20. An assembly according to claim 18 characterised in that the spindle has a radial step inboard of the hub which seats the annular body of the collar.

21. An assembly according to claim 20 characterised in that the inward radial flange is positioned outboard of the radial step.

22. An assembly according to any one of claims 17 to 21 characterised in that the first port is formed in the inner surface of the flange and the second port is formed in the outer surface of the annular body.

23. An assembly according to any one of claims 17 to 22 characterised in that the sealing means are provided for sealing the communication of the first port with the other end opening of the bearing passage.

24. An assembly according to claim 23 characterised in that the sealing means comprises first and second O-rings disposed in sealing relation among the bearing means, the spindle, and the collar.

25. A vehicle wheel end assembly adapted for use with an automated system for controlling tyre pressurization characterised in that the assembly comprises:

a spindle mounted in fixed relation to the vehicle;

a hub mounted for rotation on the spindle and having an internal chamber adapted to form part of an air path between the automated system and the respective tyre;

rotary seal means mounted in cooperation with said hub and extending radially inward therefrom in sealed relation to the spindle; and

spacer means disposed in the hub chamber for maintaining substantially concentric positioning on the hub during movement relative to the spindle to avoid abrasion of the rotary seal means.

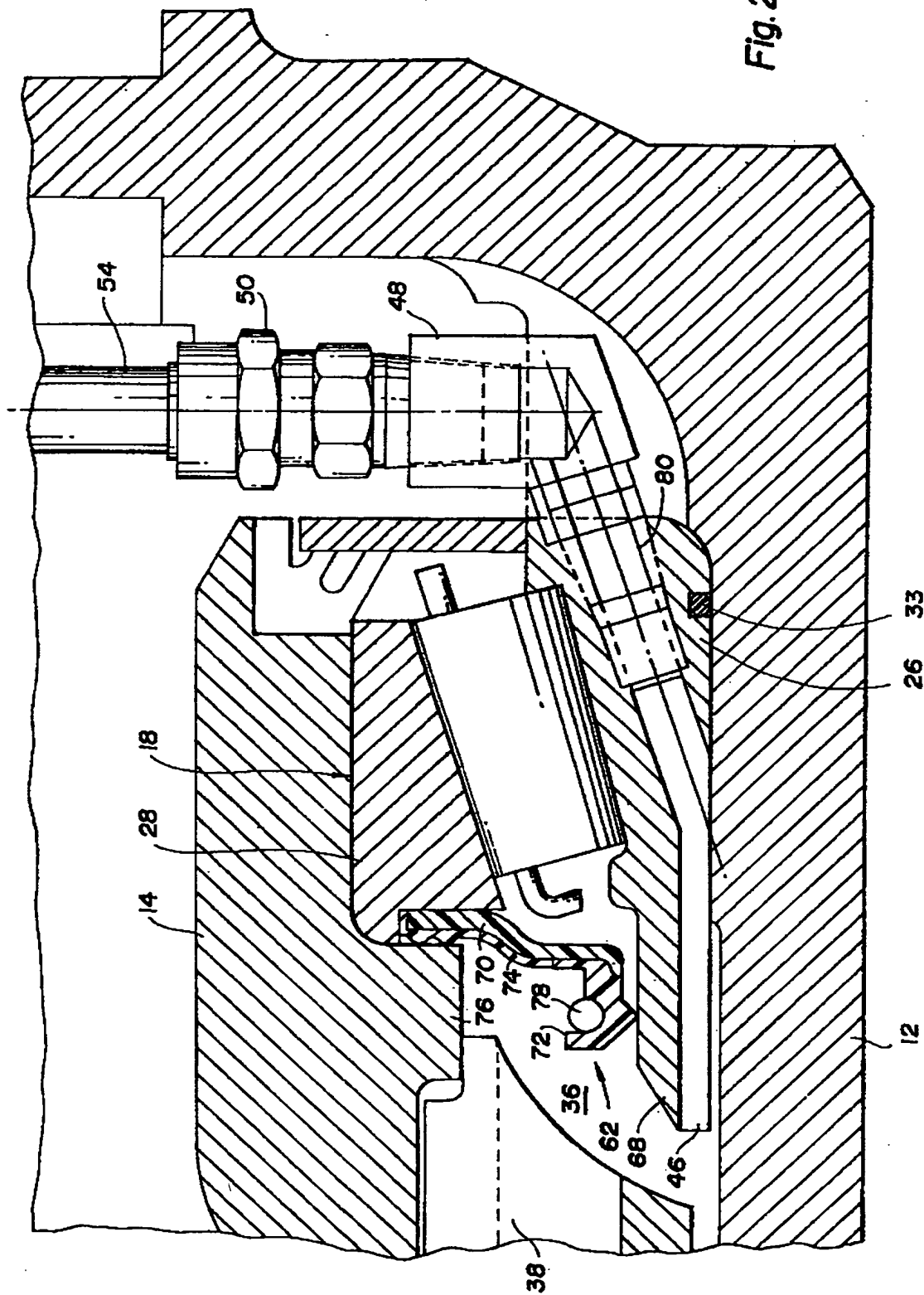
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26. An assembly according to claim 26 characterised  
in that the spacer means is mounted concentrically relative  
to the spindle.

27. An assembly according to claim 26 characterised  
5 in that the said spacer means has a substantially  
cylindrical shape with a radially undulating surface.





**Fig. 2**



3/4

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Fig. 3

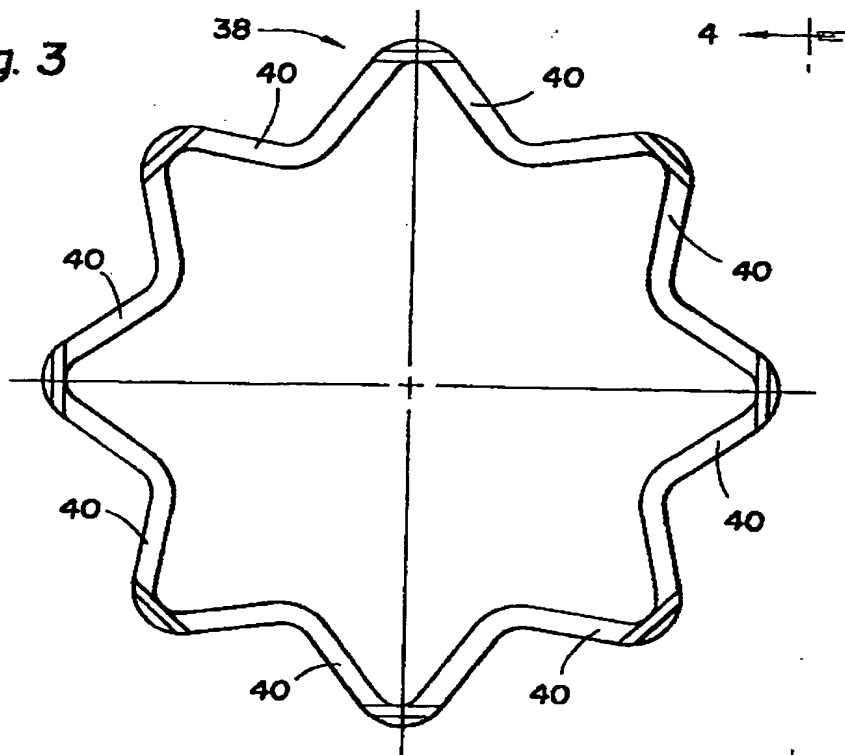
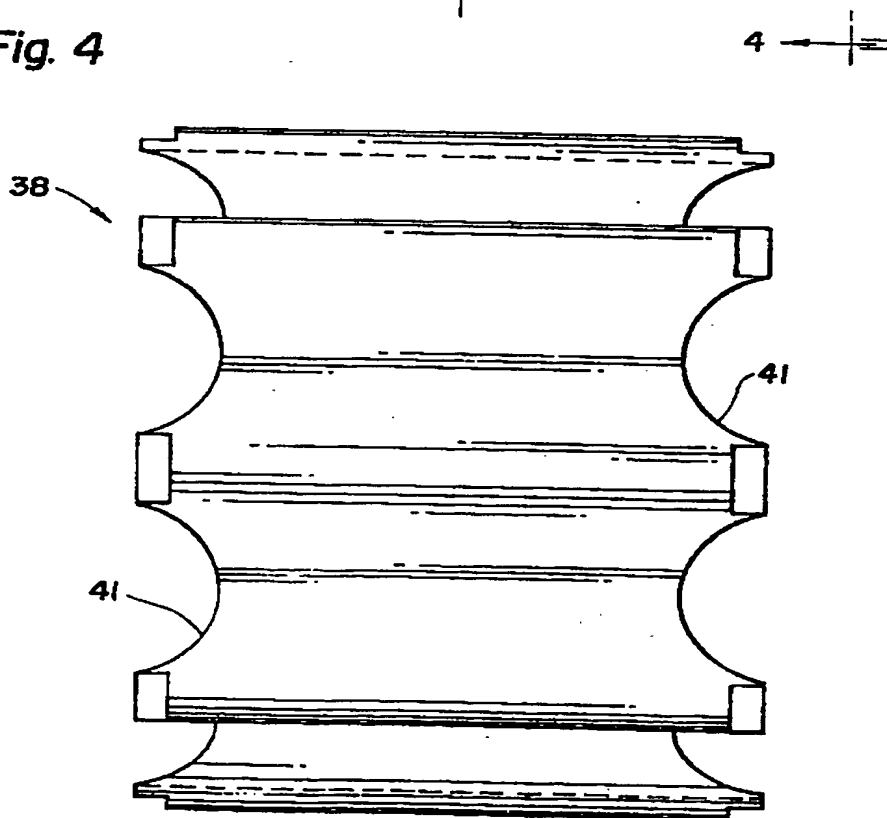


Fig. 4



4/4

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Fig. 5

